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## Extended OS

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## OS is an extended virtual machine

- Multiplexes the “machine” between applications
  - Time sharing, multitasking, batching
- Provided a higher-level machine for
  - Ease of use
  - Portability
  - Efficiency
  - Security
  - Etc....

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## JAVA – Higher-level Virtual Machine

- write a program once, and run it anywhere
  - Architecture independent
  - Operating System independent
- Language itself was clean, robust, garbage collection
- Program compiled into bytecode
  - Interpreted or just-in-time compiled.
  - Lower than native performance

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## Issues

- Legacy applications
- No isolation nor resource management between applets
- Security
  - Trust JVM implementation? Trust underlying OS?
- Performance compared to native

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## Is the OS the “right” level of extended machine?

- Security
  - Trust the underlying OS?
- Legacy application and OSs
- Resource management of existing systems suitable for all applications?
- What about activities requiring “root” privileges

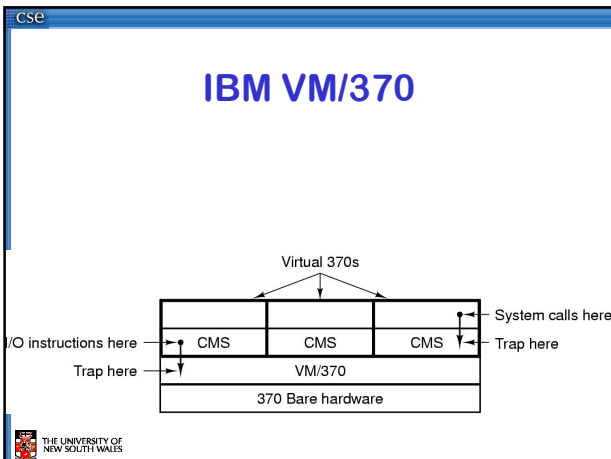
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## Virtual Machine Monitors

- Provide scheduling and resource management
- Extended “machine” is the actual machine interface.

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- ### Advantages
- Legacy OSES (and applications)
    - Linux – Windows
    - Primary – Backup
  - Security
    - VMM (hopefully) small and correct
  - Performance near bare hardware
    - For some applications

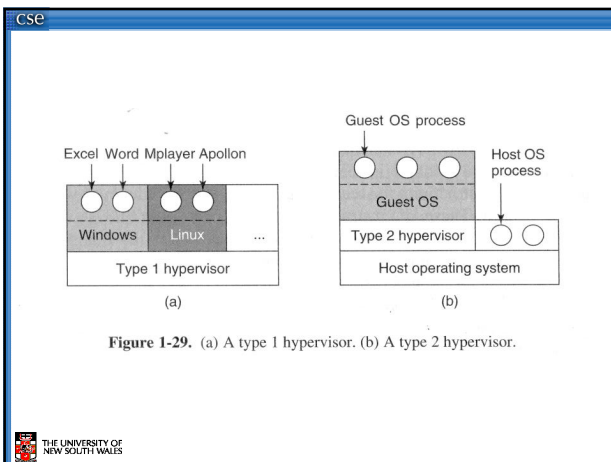
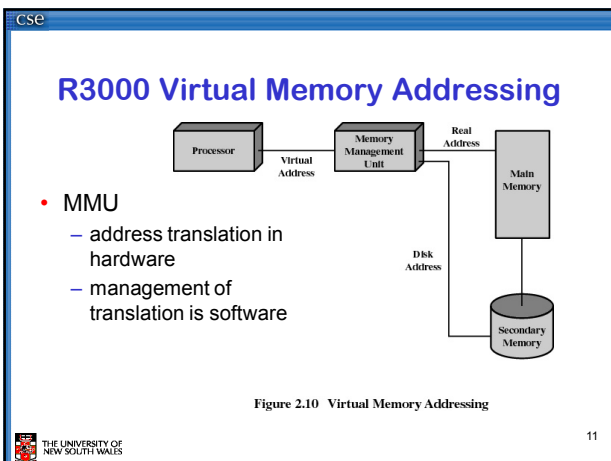


Figure 1-29. (a) A type 1 hypervisor. (b) A type 2 hypervisor.

- ### Virtual R3000???
- Interpret
    - System/161
      - slow
    - JIT dynamic compilation
  - Run on the real hardware??



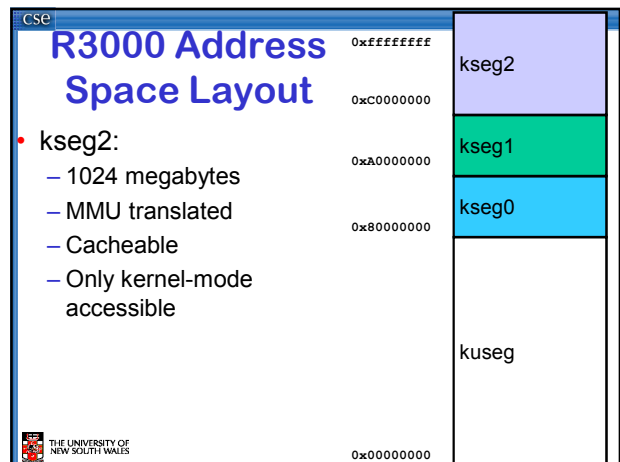
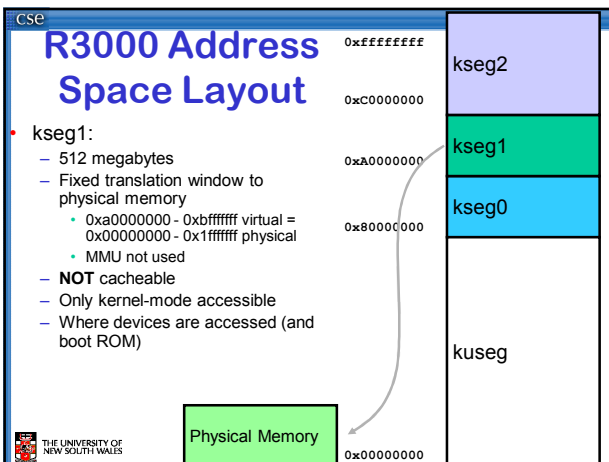
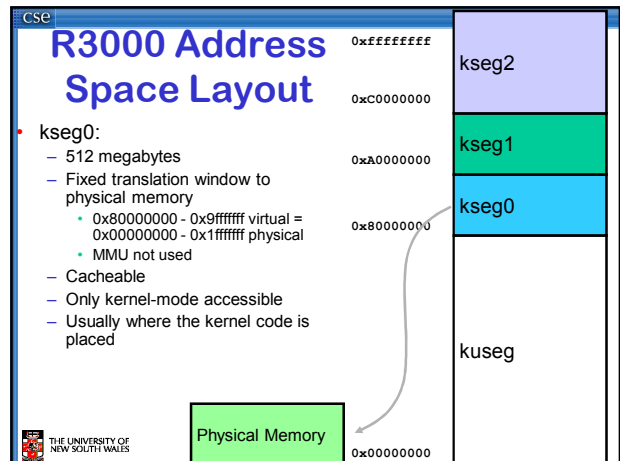
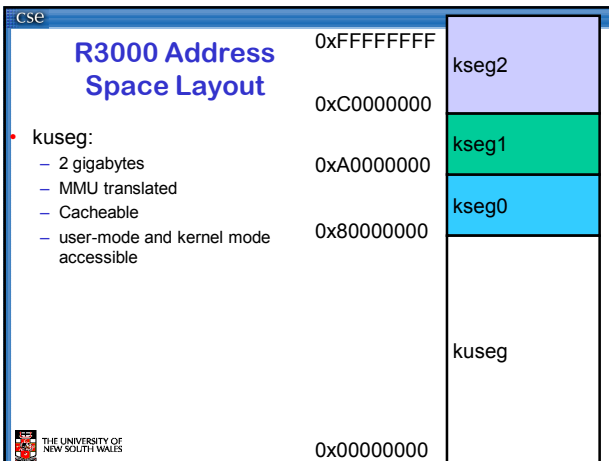
### R3000 Translation

Unprivileged (User) Mode

$$A_{phys} = \{ f_{mmu}(A_{virt}) : A_{virt} < 0x80000000 \}$$

Privileged (Kernel) Mode

$$A_{phys} = \begin{cases} f_{mmu}(A_{virt}) & : A_{virt} < 0x80000000 \\ A_{virt} - 0x80000000 & : 0x80000000 \leq A_{virt} < 0xA0000000 \\ A_{virt} - 0xA0000000 & : 0xA0000000 \leq A_{virt} < 0xC0000000 \\ f_{mmu}(A_{virt}) & : A_{virt} \geq 0xC0000000 \end{cases}$$



- Issues**
- Privileged registers (CP0)
  - Privileged instructions
  - Address Spaces
  - Exceptions (including syscalls, interrupts)
  - Devices
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